

LAST EDITION.

Queer People  
and Curious Freaks.

Many strange stories of the unusual and uncanny in human and animal life and oddities of all kinds, profusely illustrated.

In Next Sunday's Post-Dispatch

# St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

LAST EDITION.

Beauty and Fashion  
at the Opera.

A beautiful half-page picture by Russell, showing a scene in the corridor of the Exposition Music Hall between the acts.

In Next Sunday's Post-Dispatch

VOL. 47, NO. 244.

FRIDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—APRIL 10, 1896.—TEN PAGES.

PRICE IN ST. LOUIS, ONE CENT.  
OUTSIDE ST. LOUIS, TWO CENTS.

Better the Day, Better the Deed: Advertise in the Sunday P.-D.

## DEADLY AIM OF COUNT VON KOTZE.

He Puts a Bullet in the Abdomen of Baron Von Schrader.

## A DUEL NEAR POTSDAM.

Third Encounter of the Series Arising From the Ugly Court Scan-

dals in Germany.

BERLIN, April 10.—There was a sensation in court and military circles here this morning when it was announced that another duel growing out of the great court anonymous-letter scandals had taken place in the woods near Potsdam, and that Baron von Schrader, Master of Ceremonies of the Prussian Court, had been shot and seriously wounded by Count Von Kotze. The latter was formerly Court Chamberlain and was acquitted on the charge of being the author of the anonymous communications referred to.

Count Von Kotze and Baron Von Schrader used to be close friends, but Kotze was wounded in the abdomen. Count Von Kotze's arrest had been ordered, and his friends say he will surrender to the authorities when he is arrested and will apologize to him. This is the third duel of the series of about a dozen for which challenges were sent out last April by Count Von Kotze, and he has repented to do away with his amendment of his determination to keep on fighting his enemies, one by one, until he has settled every man on his list. The man who now counts Von Kotze feel confident that he will kill his word.

The scandals which gave rise to this series of duels began nearly five years ago, when high court personages, male and female, old and young, began receiving anonymous letters from their husbands and fathers and mothers discarded their children, nearly everybody of importance being smirched more or less. The author of the anonymous writer, who was evidently a person thoroughly familiar with all the details of court life, people began to look askance at their best friends.

Every effort possible was made by the police to discover the guilty person, but in spite of this the anonymous tormentor failed to identify the cruel torturer for about four years. The general opinion was that the vile communications were the work of a woman, but when the secret was disclosed it changed and for some unexplained reason suspicion fastened itself upon Count Von Kotze, one of the court chamberlains, a popular man who liked to be popular and trusted by all his friends. Finally a voluntary spy denounced him to the court authorities on the ground that he was the author of the anonymous communications. He was accused of a plot to assassinate the Emperor William of Germany. In fact, no one persons ever had the audacity to cast sidelights of suspicion upon a high person than Count Von Kotze was in prison without any just ground for so doing.

When Count Von Kotze was in prison, in the tide of sympathy turned decidedly in his direction. Ugly whisperings were heard on all sides, his name was openly denominated as an assassin, and a number of very high court personages were mentioned, including Duke Ernest Gunther of Schleswig-Holstein, brother-in-law of Emperor William of Germany. In fact, no one persons ever had the audacity to cast sidelights of suspicion upon a high person than Count Von Kotze was in prison without any just ground for so doing.

When Count Von Kotze was released from prison, he promptly sent out challenges to about a dozen of those whom he was known to have been implicated in a plot to ruin him in order to save the reputation of the high personages, and many more looked upon him as being the real author of the anonymous communications.

Amidst the general panic challenged was Baron Von Reischach, court marshal to ex-Emperor Frederick of Germany; Baron Von Schrader, master of ceremonies of the Prussian Court; Prince von Bismarck; Prince Albert of Saxe-Altenburg; and Prince Albert of Saxe-Altenburg.

The first of the series of duels was fought with pistols in the Grunewald, early during the morning of April 11, last, between Count Von Kotze and Baron Von Reischach. The latter was the victor. The conditions, namely, that shots would be exchanged until one of the contestants was badly wounded, had been agreed to in advance. Seven shots were exchanged, with the result that both the Count and the Baron had more or less severe flesh wounds.

At the time of Von Kotze's wound he had more or less severe flesh wounds.

RUTH HAS MEASLES.

The President's First Born Taken Sick This Morning.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The measles is running its course in the President's family, and this morning Ruth, the first born, contracted the disease. Little Esther is progressing rapidly towards recovery, and far baby Marion has not shown signs of the ailment.

## BISHOP RYAN DEAD.

Passed Away This Morning at His Home in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 10.—Right Rev. Steven Vincent Ryan, Bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Buffalo, died at 6:18 o'clock this morning. He had been sick for a good while, and for the past few days his death was looked for.

At the time Von Kotze became a popular hero, his enemies felt very uncomfortable.

It was possible that this would have been the last duel, but it not been for an unexpected event. Count Von Kotze, on his trial, was one of the most famous lawyers in Berlin, Dr. Fritz Friedman, and to the latter, the court chamberlain entrusted a bundle of important documents to be used in drawing up the case for the defense. The tremendous sensation in Berlin, when it was disclosed that it was an answer to the popular lawyer, caused a popular hero, and his enemies felt very uncomfortable.

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When Mrs. Keeting dies, which the physician has said will be in a few days, the case will be further investigated.

## INSANE WOMAN POISONED.

John Keeting's Young Wife Dying in the Hospital.

## HER HUSBAND A FUGITIVE.

A Once Beautiful Young Matron Deserted Under Circumstances That Have Aroused Dark Suspicions.

What may develop into a fiendish plot of wife murder came to light Friday morning when Mrs. Elizabeth Johnston, a pleasant old lady of 60 years, called at the City Dispensary with tampon in her eyes and asked permission to see her daughter, Mrs. Mamie Keeting.

Mrs. Keeting, a young woman a few weeks ago beautiful and accomplished, and mother of two small children, is confined in a cell at the City Hospital, bereft of reason and a physical wreck. She may live only a few days.

Every doctor who has attended her says that she has been poisoned.

John Keeting is in the eye of the law a fugitive from justice, there being an indictment against him for election fraud committed over a year ago.

John Keeting is reported to be the son of a wealthy West End resident. Four years ago he married Mamie Johnston, who lived with her mother at 503 South Broadway. He met her in the room over Joe Caffera's saloon at Thirtieth and Pine streets, where she frequently visited her sister, Caffera's.

A year ago the St. Louis Grand-Jury returned an indictment charging Keeting with an election fraud, and he hurriedly left town. No one knew where he had gone, not even his wife, until a month afterward, when he returned to his home and their 2-year-old boy. He was in La Grange, Ill., he said, because there that Mrs. Keeting and her child went.

From that time they seemed to drop out of sight. Mrs. Johnston heard nothing of them, and it was thought that perhaps did not care to ever hear of him.

Early Saturday morning, April 4, before dawn, Keeting was found lying on the street, stopped at Caffera's saloon, and his clothes dislodged. There was a woman in the buggy, but she was strapped to the seat and could not tell who she was. It was John Keeting, the same man who had deserted his wife and two children—they had been taken into the saloon.

Mr. Carpenter, who found Keeting, and Keeting told her that his wife had lost her reason at La Grange and that he had brought her to St. Louis for treatment. He wanted Mrs. Keeting to take care of the children for two or three days until he could place his wife in some private sanitarium. He was a carpenter by trade and had been working on a house in the neighborhood.

Keeting jumped in the buggy and drove away, telling Mrs. Caffera that he would be back in a few hours. That was the last time he was seen.

It now develops that Keeting was the City Dispensary, where Dr. Thompson was on duty. The doctor assisted him to undo his clothes and took him to the dispensary, where he was strapped to the seat and they carried her into the operating room. After making an examination Dr. Thompson found that Keeting had been pained, but had not been pained, and inquired if he knew how it was done.

Keeting said he had some papers in his pocket, and the doctor took a light on the book and went out into the alley.

Instead of getting any papers, he jumped into the buggy and drove away, leaving his wife in the Dispensary.

The woman had been hospitalized by a pre-

pared team of nurses, probably nurses. All the teeth had dropped out and the body though undoubtedly insane, she had enough reason left to tell her story.

She said that after their second child was born at La Grange her husband began abusing her and on many occasions beat her, and she was compelled to leave him, and went out into the alley.

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HAVLIN'S—James J. Corbett.  
STANDARD—Night Owls."

MUSIC HALL—Grand Opera, "Carmen."  
OLYMPIC—Rico's "Little Christopher."  
HAVLIN'S—James J. Corbett.  
STANDARD—New Night Owls Burlesques.

GET READY FOR THE COMING ARMY.

Are all the accommodations at the smaller hotels and private boarding houses in the city already bespoken for Convention week?

The question is propounded by a published statement in Thursday's Post-Dispatch that the Republican Bureau of Information in the exposition building has only 900 for accommodating 1,500 persons aside the big hotels—listed, as against often requests for more than three times that amount of space from persons at a distance who want to be on hand for the Convention.

There is going to be in the neighborhood of a hundred thousand visitors in St. Louis next June, at a moderate calendar, and there will be ample provision made to feed and house them all.

It seems there is need for broader and earlier systematization of these matters than the statement of conditions in the Republican Bureau of Information shows to exist. If proprietors of small hotels, boarding houses and rooming houses are a little backward in coming forward, it would not be a bad idea to have committees canvass those who have rooms for visitors and list them as soon as possible.

HOW TRUSTS SQUEEZE THE FARMERS.

New York farmers have found the high price of coal and the slowness of winter in getting off the lap of spring a conjunction of unfavorable circumstances that bears down on them rather hard lately.

A number of them in the interior of the State have been managing to keep themselves from freezing during the past few days by using Irish potatoes for fuel in their base burner stoves in place of coal. Italy Hill and Canandaigua farmers who tried the experiment say it works like a charm. The reason they are doing this because potatoes only cost \$5 a ton, while coal costs \$5.

This is one of a thousand examples of how the Trusts are making serfs of the farming class. Western farmers burn their corn because railroad pools and grain speculators make it impossible for them to market it at a profit, and the Eastern farmers burn their potatoes because the coal combine has placed the price of nature's fuel beyond their reach.

## CLEVELAND AND THE THIRD TERM.

The two leading papers of New York Thursday sent out questions by wire to public men and journalists framed on related lines.

The first of these questions was asked by the Journal and ran thus: "Would the election of a President for the third term be a menace to our republican institutions?" The answers received were from representative men from nearly all parts of the country. Curiously enough the sum of replies showed an almost equal division of opinion with a slight preponderance of the negative side.

The question propounded by the World to Democratic Senators, Congressmen and leaders generally was: "Is not Cleveland the logical candidate?" Of all the replies so far received and published not one of them is in the affirmative. This is all the more singular as a large proportion of the inquiries was addressed to good standard advocates and friends of the Administration.

That a preponderance of the leaders of the world thought should consider the third

term in the abstract not inimical to the perpetuity of our free institutions and that at the same time the entirety of these same exponents of public opinion should deem Mr. Cleveland's candidacy utterly out of the question are horns of a dilemma that can have but one possible point of reconciliation. And that is that the President after eight years in the highest office in the country has succeeded in making his further continuance in public life an impossibility in the opinion of friends and enemies alike.

The political cynic, Simon Cameron, once said that he never furnished money to help elect legislators, because it was cheaper to buy them after they were elected. The experience of Messrs. Francis and Maffitt in 1892 may have lodged in their minds the same view of city delegates to a State convention. But the purchase of delegates will be a valuable investment now. This much is certain: All delegates who were elected in St. Louis yesterday on a free silver ticket by the votes of free silver constituents will vote for a free silver platform and for free silver delegates at Sedalia, or the State Convention will know the reason why.

## ST. LOUIS AND KANSAS CITY.

It is a matter for congratulation that the two leading cities of Missouri, have, in the great battle that is now joined between the forces of Plutocracy and the people, placed themselves squarely in line with the rest of the State. The emphatic utterances of the counties whose conventions have already been held was echoed back with enthusiasm at the primaries held yesterday in St. Louis and Kansas City.

In St. Louis, the free silver men carried twenty-five of the twenty-eight wards. They would have carried at least two more—the Twentieth and the Twenty-eighth—but for the voting of the street car employees for the gold standard ticket, under the scrutinizing and menacing eyes of their taskmasters.

In Kansas City and Jackson County the free silver men made a clean sweep. Even in the wards where, reason of quarrels among the local leaders, double primaries were held, the free silver men showed themselves to be largely in the majority.

An unfortunate result of the Kansas City primaries is that two county conventions will be held on Saturday, which will send up contesting delegations to Sedalia. But no matter which of these delegations is seated, the voice of Jackson County in the State Convention will be unanimous for free silver. This is a victory upon which Judge Gibson is to be congratulated.

The only conclusion to be drawn from the result of the primaries in St. Louis and Kansas City is that the free silver sentiment in Illinois is shown by the fact that at the Prohibition convention at Springfield a resolution declaring for free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 was adopted by a large majority. Col. Morrison would better drop his negotiations with Eastern goldbugs and get into the band wagon.

The Sunday Post-Dispatch is a great newspaper treat, and it is welcomed in every State in the Union, as well as in the City of St. Louis. Everybody finds entertainment in it, and it is the first of all the city papers to be read when there is time to read at all.

Carlisle and Francis, if they wish to aid each other, should lie low and let nobody know what they are doing. A more unpopular political firm could hardly be mentioned, and anything they want Democrats will see that they don't get.

Li Hung Chang finds that he cannot conveniently visit the United States. He has, however, great confidence in Mr. McKinley as a workman who knows how to build Chinese walls without suggestions from the Orient.

The rush for places in St. Louis by Chinese men who are to come here in June is but a symbol of the rush they will make for Government places should William McKinley become President.

Godfrey Hunter is glad that Bill Bradley is not Kentucky's favorite son and Bill Bradley is glad that Godfrey Hunter is not a United States Senator. Two happy citizens, eh?

RECOGNIZING CUBAN BELLIGERENCY.

Prof. T. J. Lawrence of Cambridge Uni-

versity, a high authority on questions of international law, explains the effect of a declaration by our government granting belligerency rights to Cuba.

"It will," he says, "endow the community with the rights and all the obligations of an independent State so far as the war is concerned, but no further. Its armies are lawful belligerents, not banditti; its ships of war are lawful cruisers, not pirates; the supplies it takes from invaded territory are requisitions, not robbery. Its blockades must be respected by neutrals."

On the other hand its Government cannot negotiate treaties nor accredit diplomatic ministers. It has no rights, no immunities, no claims beyond those immediately connected with its war.

Not until it defeats the mother country will other nations accord it complete independence.

The recognition of the Cubans as bel-

igerents will not give them the right to use this country as a base for expeditions or for the direction of the war.

Spain, however, in this contingency will be given under the treaty of 1795 the right to stop all American vessels on the high seas and search them for contraband munitions of war.

## GIVE CYCLISTS A CHANCE.

The movement on the part of the cyclists of the city to make a first-class boulevard of King's Highway deserves the approval and co-operation of all public spirited citizens.

Why shouldn't Mayor Walbridge have been enthusiastic at Canton? His salary St. Louis was going right along.

If Mark Hanna has been handling as much fat as he is charged with must be feeling exceedingly greasy.

If the wrong trail had not been side-tracked at Gad's Hill there might have been the Dickens to pay.

The ex-President's marital happiness has not only advertised his boom, but it will help his law practice.

The American flag is not a gold stand-

ard. It floats over both the precious metals.

The Star-eyed Goddess of Silver showed her lovely face in the Solid City yes-

terday.

While Grover is whistling his party is down in the mouth.

There isn't much "wane" about the sil-

ver music just now.

No Beer in This.

From the Peoria Herald.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will hold its next convention in St. Louis. The city has a great reputation for the quality and quantity of its beer, but that may have had nothing to do with the selection.

A Startling Suspicion.

From the Chicago Times-Herald.

It is suspected that at least 50 per cent

of the women who wear large hats in the theater do so to hide some phys-

ical deformities. The free silver constituents of Mr. Lewis and the other delegates from St. Francois County should insist upon a categorical answer to the question as to whether or not these delegates have promised or intend to vote for Mr. Clancy as a delegate to the National Convention at Chicago. It cannot be denied for a moment that such a vote would be against the will and wishes of a large majority of the Democrats who elected these delegates.

The Maries County Democrats have opinions and the courage to express them. This is one of the resolutions they adopted at their county convention on Wednesday:

Resolved, That we condemn the malignant and mendacious assaults made by the St. Louis Republic upon Illustrious Democrats, who have been called to leadership of the party by the people. That journal has for many years been sustained by the patronage it has received at the hands of Missouri Democrats. It has posed as the chief harmonizer and urged all to refrain from personal detection, yet it daily devotes its columns to unwarranted misrepresentations of men in whom Missouri Democrats have reposed the highest confidence.

It matters not how bright or how brilliant, how "cute" or how "sharp" the would-be statesman may be, so odious has this system of political corruption become with the people that they simply wait their time to return to political oblivion and disgrace the politician known to be the servile tool of corruption, hoodlum pass distributors.

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They may thrive for a brief period, bask in the smiles of the man who holds the chain fastened to the collar around their necks, accept the crumbs he dispenses and divide them with the smaller fry who fawn around, but ere long he will be known in his true colors and be despised accordingly.

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Samuel Bowman.

Samuel Bowman was born in Weston, Mo., Feb. 21, 1851, and came to St. Louis in June, 1858. At the age of 15 he received his first experience in the real estate business with the then well known firm of Barlow, Valley & Bush. In 1859 Mr. Barlow was elected City Comptroller, and Mr. Bush took charge of the business of the Bluffton Wine Company, of which he was treasurer. This continued one year, when the firm of Isadore Bush & Co. was established in which Mr. Bowman secured a partnership interest. In 1859 Mr. Bowman embarked for himself in the real estate business, and his name has been identified with some of the most prominent enterprises since that time. Mr. Bowman is a member of the Mercantile and Columbian Clubs.

MEN OF MARK.

Mr. Charles A. Windham, the well-known actor, is ill and has gone to Monaco for the benefit of his health.

It is said in Indianapolis that Gen. Harrison has been invited to contribute a series of articles to one of the leading London magazines, with permission to choose his own subject and name his own price for the work.

J. B. Darnell of Odessa, Ky., is 61 years old, and is splitting rails, every day that weather permits, with an iron wedge that is 200 years old, which his great-grandfather brought from Scotland with him. He hauls the rails with his mule, Katy, which is 34 years old; he shaves once a week with his razor, which is 42 years old, and has a rap-hook that is 45 years old.

Talleyrand took thirteen oaths of fidelity. To Clement XIII. when he entered holy orders, to Clement XIV. when he became Bishop of Autun, to Louis XVI. in 1789, to the King and the constitution, to the Directory in 1795, to the Directory in 1796 as Minister of Foreign Affairs, to the three Consuls, to Bonaparte sole Consul, to Napoleon, Emperor, to Louis XVIII. in 1814, to Louis XVII. at the second restoration in 1815, to Charles X. in 1824, and to Louis Philippe in 1830.

WOMEN OF NOTE.

The Crown Princess Stephanie of Austria has gained popularity among the people by singing solos to them in churches and halls of entertainment.

Two Japanese young women graduated from the Laura Memorial Medical College in Cincinnati recently. They have been there for four years. They are Miss Kaku Sudo and Miss Haia Abe.

Mrs. Mary Harlan of Coville, Ind., mother of ex-United States Senator Harlan of Iowa and grandmother of Mrs. Robert T. Lincoln, was 100 years old on March 20. At the birthday reception there were present a daughter 78 years old and a son 76.

A remarkable record has been made by Mrs. Luke Fish of Anderson, Mich. Last week she gave birth to twins, making her fourth pair of twins in five years. She is only 28 years old and all the members of her family of eight small children are alive and in excellent health.

Those who will have room to rent during the great Convention should register them at once. We must make our guests as comfortable as possible while they are here.

Will France and Germany unite to drive the British off Egypt before France and Russia unite to drive Germany off Turkey?

McKinley is confident, but a little chill creeps down his back once in a while as he thinks of the possibility of the ice wagon in a hot summer.

The lack of confidence in Kerens which Sergeant Russell and Uncle Filley feel may alarm the rest of the party.

Spain, however, in this contingency will be given under the treaty of 1795 the right to stop all American vessels on the high seas and search them for contraband munitions of war.

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Residing with her mother and brothers and sisters in the town of Caledonia, not far from Portage Wis., is a girl of 17 who weighs 435 pounds. She is only middle height, slender, of countenance, apparently healthy and wonderfully active, everything considered. Her name is Caroline Brown. None of the other members of the family is of unusual weight or size.

HAPPY HITS.

"Well, did the new Juliet make a hit?" "Yes, she pulled the balcony over on Romeo and nearly killed him."—Chicago Record.

A Question of the Times.—"I bought a pair of handsome embroidered suspenders today, John," she said, as she smoothed out her bloomers. "For me or for you?" he asked.

"I'm not just wonderful how Mrs. Smith fought that burglar last night? He got

CITY NEWS.  
B. H. BROWNELL  
Merch., Tailors Co., 112 Olive st.

### TRYED TO KILL THE KING.

An Unknown Man Attempts to Shoot Frank Mataushek.

Just as the Post-Dispatch was going to press, Frank Mataushek, "the Bohemian King," telephoned this office that an attempt had been made to assassinate him.

According to his story he was walking along Broadway, at Carroll street, when a strange man rushed up to him, and calling him a dirty Bohemian dog, drew a revolver upon him.

Mataushek knocked it out of the stranger's hands. It fell to the sidewalk, and the man ran.

When asked for further details Mataushek said he was too busy to give them, and rang off.

### CONFESSON REPUDIATED.

The Lamborn Children Deny Knowledge of Their Father's Murder.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., April 10.—A fresh sensation in the murder case of J. T. Lamborn, the rich Falls Leaf farmer, has developed. Annie and Charles Lamborn have made sworn statements to their attorneys denying the alleged confessions, in which they were made to admit having planned the murder of their father, and in which Thomas Davenport, the son of the heart, was charged with committing the crime.

It was alleged by Charles Schaffer, Kansas City detective, that he had received a detailed confession from the two children of the murdered man. This document he refused to make public. All three had denied the crime. It was alleged that the executors of Davenport were to marry the girl and come in on a division of the old man's property. They now know the truth, and declare that their signatures to the "confession" were forced from them, and deny in toto any connection with the crime or living.

There is a heavy reward for the conviction of those concerned in the murder, and hints of a plot to strongly connect the Lamborn children with the man who killed Lamborn, who made the most damaging "confession" of the two, is described as a way-minded girl capable of being easily induced.

Both the Lamborn children and Davenport are still in jail. The latter refuses to say a word.

### FOR MRS. MAYBRICK.

Resolution in Her Interest Introduced in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 10.—There was something of a breeze in the Senate to-day when Mr. Call presented a joint resolution concerning the imprisonment of Mrs. Maybrick and requesting that the President intervene with the British authorities towards securing her release.

"It might not be introduced here and I move to lay the resolution on the table," interposed Mr. Sherman. "The Senate of the United States has no jurisdiction over the subject."

Mr. Call dissented from this proposition and said he would insist on a vote on it. The resolution was referred, and held here for a few moments, but nothing was done.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 10.—The Republican State Central Committee held here a meeting of delegates at large to the National Convention at St. Louis. Adin B. Capron of Smithfield, who presided, said, among other things, in assuming the chair: "We want gold, we want sound money and protection, and we want to be a party for freedom, which is the exponent of these principles, and there is no man whom I can more heartily name than New England's greatest statesman, Thomas B. Reed."

The following were elected delegates-at-large: Edward T. Freeman, Central Falls; ex-Mayor Frank F. Olney, Providence; Alonzo C. Weston, W. E. Westerly, and S. W. Allen, East Greenwich.

The delegates were not instructed.

The alternatives are Senator Andrew J. Curtis, Cumberland, and Senator Sherburne, Providence; Wm. S. Stearns, Pawtucket; Col. Charles H. Childs, Pawtucket.

The delegates were not instructed. The one platform adopted was a resolution presented by the Providence Board of Trade, which declared in favor of gold as a monetary standard, in favor of a national bank system and denounced the free coinage of silver.

Conventions for the two Congressional districts were held at the close of the State convention, and the First District John S. Barnburn of Newport and George J. Smith of Barrington were elected delegates and Reginald Newman of Newport and C. H. Gorham of Barrington alternates.

For the Second District Charles Francis of Woonsocket and Walter A. Reed of Gloucester were chosen delegates, and Jas. Limpon of Pawtucket and Charles A. Johnson of Warwick alternates.

ILLINOIS DEMOCRATS.

Call for the State Committee to Meet April 20.

CHICAGO, April 10.—After consulting with Gov. Altgeld and Secretary of State Hinrichsen, Secretary Theodore Nelson is to be the nominee of the State Democratic Committee to represent the State in the convention in Chicago April 20. This meeting will officially inaugurate the Democratic campaign.

The State Convention will at this conference be drafted and the leaders will listen to the plans. Gov. Altgeld has agreed to support the nomination of the State Committee, and will probably be held the week after the Republican National convention, which will make the date June 24 or 25.

HANGED IN PRISON.

Arthur Schneider Executed at New Orleans for Murder.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 10.—Arthur Schneider, a German about 20 years of age, was hanged in the Penitentiary prison-day in the presence of witnesses as the law directs. The drop fell at 12:55.

Schneider was in love with a girl employed in the same restaurant. She rejected him and he started for the West, but returned, purchased two pistols, stole into the place and murdered Herman Schroeder, his master and employer. He was found played insane, but was declared responsible by a commission of inquiry. He blamed Dr. Haynes, of Jefferson, for the failure to cheat justice, and when he managed to secure a knife with which he managed to secure. He was convicted of Schroeder's murder and sentenced to death.

Delegate From Alaska.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The Senate Committee on Territories to-day authorized a favorable report of the bill providing for a delegate in Congress from Alaska.

SAVED FROM NICOTINE.

Father and Son Set Free at Asheville, N. C.

Little Charley Fogelman Used Tobacco Since Babyhood, and His Father Smoked and Chewed for the Past Twenty Years.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., April 10.—(Special)—"Is that true?" asked the "news" man at Pelham's Pharmacy, as he laid down a letter in the presence of a dozen pharmacists. "Yes, it is," promptly answered the proprietor.

"It was written here on one of our lettersheads and signed by the author, C. L. Wilson, of Buxton street. He is a man of his word."

This is what the letter said:

"Office of Pelham's Pharmacy, 24 Patton avenue, Asheville, N. C. Gentlemen—My little boy, now 8 years old, has been smoking tobacco since he was born. The advice of our family physician, in the place of some other physicians. Four weeks ago I began giving him No-To-Bac. He has stopped smoking tobacco. He is, to my great surprise, and delight. No, he has completely cured him. He does not care for tobacco any longer. He eats heartily and has a much better color."

"What's that?" asked Chief of Police H. S. Haynes. "He was recently found stricken in the new police uniform, like some of his glory, came to the door."

"Why, No-To-Bac cures!"

Louis Immettun, grocer at 334 Laelde, awoke aware out a warrant this morning against him for \$1000. He was cured after using tobacco—chiefly chewing for eight years. He is to be tried in Knox County, Ind. First was taken out of his hand one year ago. Later several thousand dollars were given him. He cashed the check and discovered it to be a forgery.

Immettun says Haynes mulcted a friend of his to the tune of \$50.

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"No, he has completely cured him. He does not care for tobacco any longer. He eats heartily and has a much better color."

"Written guarantee?"



## SNAKE BITE MADE HIM A WANDERER.

The Strange Case of Huie Hughes,  
Who Travels on Feet.

## PRAYS IN THE WILDERNESS.

Talk With a Welshman Who Has  
Walked Across the American  
Continent Nine Times.

Even since Huie Hughes was bitten by a venomous South American snake in 1872 he has been a wanderer on the face of the earth. Nine times has he crossed the American continent from ocean to ocean, and every foot of the distance he has walked.

Hughes is an interesting and unique character. He comes into the Post-Dispatch office Wednesday morning and told the story of his life.

He is a man of medium stature, rather slight of build, with a long black beard



HUIE HUGHES.

and hair that reaches to the shoulders. It is jet black, coarse and is parted in the middle. His eyes are as black as jet and are quite brilliant. He bears a striking resemblance to Schiller, the seer, and has ideas of his own.

Hughes insists that while he is a great tramp he is not a tramp. He does not, however, travel by the way. Whenever his exchequer is depleted he stops his journey for a few days and the few dollars he thus earns go to the support of the foreigner who is always glad to have him.

Thursday morning Maurel asked Corbett to meet him and when the singer went to the singer's rooms at the Southern he found Calve, Saville, Jean and Eduard de Reszke and a number of the other stars there.

After a little talk in several kinds of tongues Maurel suggested that they spar a little. Corbett readily consented. Strangely enough the two stars did not even touch each other. Maurel is a big chap and rather clever with his hands too. The champion let him have his own way to the point of the arena donnas. And Vera, the brat, hasn't a word to say because she's a bit proud of Jim herself and also has an eye for the prima donnas.

Chief among Corbett's male friends in the opera company is Victor Maurel, the basso.

The latter is a bit of a boxer himself.

He has won and dined and flattered him until it would be no wonder if he grew a little hasty to common folk.

When questioned about his hair and beard he said that during his journeys he never shaved nor had his hair cut. This he said was one of the promises exacted of him by God. He freely admits that since he has been bitten by snakes his mind is not clear on many points.

## Wedding Stationery

## E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.

We are the  
Swell Stationers  
of the city.

## REMEMBER, Olive and Sixth Sts.

SEND FOR SAMPLES.

the mountains and wilderness I love to pray and commune with the Lord. This is my time of trial. When I return to Wales this time I am going to stay there.

"I do not need to travel in this manner. Many wealthy men in California have offered me their services and money, but my work was marked out for me and I have nothing to do but do it."

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## CORBETT AND OPERA STARS.

Noted Singers Take Quite a Shine to "Gentleman Jim."

American swells have never taken kindly to Champion James J. Corbett as a social lion, but the stars of the grand opera organization think he is just the finest kind of a chap and they are paying regular court to him.

Corbett has met some of them before in a casual way, but during this week he has become quite intimate with a score of them as an intimate and invited guest of the stars and their wives. Each

swell will permit. And to tell the truth it's not Corbett who has been running after the stars, but the stars after him.

One has wined and dined and flattered him until it would be no wonder if he grew a little hasty to common folk.

When questioned about his hair and beard he said that during his journeys he never shaved nor had his hair cut. This he said was one of the promises exacted of him by God. He freely admits that since he has been bitten by snakes his mind is not clear on many points.

## Our Guarantee.

We positively guarantee all goods bought from us to be cheaper than elsewhere, and should articles not wear as represented when bought we are ready to make the same satisfactory.

The latest style Dunlap, Knox and Youman's hats, all the newest shades.

Regal 15c Laundered Waists.

Regal 15



## THE REAL ESTATE EVENT OF THE SEASON.

+++VALUABLE WEST END PROPERTY AT+++

## MINISTRATOR'S SALE

ESTATE  
SAM. H. BURRELL,  
DECEASED.

SATURDAY, APRIL 18,

Read This List.

2 p.m.—Northeast corner Olive street and Penneau, lot 81x157 feet 6 feet west of King's highway. 250x190. In 50-foot lots.

FOR PLATS AND PARTICULARS SEE

CHOLLS-RITTER, Agents, 713 Chestnut Street.

## THE MARKETS.

## ST. LOUIS, April 10.

The area needed to win wheat in the fall according to the Government was 247,000 acres. The "rip" of 70.5 as the condition of winter wheat on April 1 is approximately correct, the crop indicator will be 247,000 acres, or 28,000,000 bu larger than was harvested in 1906. This is the largest amount of wheat ever sown, and was \$1.4 and on April 1, 1906, it was \$1.0 also.

A private cable states that the Sea of Azof will be open to shipping in April, and that there will be a greater entrance, which is in excess of the normal, but not enough to warrant for world's shipment reaching the normal.

The Chicago Trade Ministrator gives the visible supply of wheat in the Northwest as follows: Canada on April 1 was 111,629,000 bu, against 118,387,000 a month ago and 118,546,000 bu one year ago, and may be 120,000,000 bu. The U.S. was 118,500,000 bu, against 123,500,000 bu a month ago and 127,700,000 bu a year ago. The total indicates 112,300,000 bu for April, and 117,300,000 bu for May, 117,000,000 bu less than a year ago.

The official report of the Northwest Wheat Council and India and South, while noting the wheat for export via Kurna, states that this year is 25 to 30 per cent below the average. In fact, it is lower than the average, but the wheat is very large, and the promise for only half an acreage outturn.

The stocks of breadstuffs in ten ports of the United Kingdom on April 1 were 660,000,000 bu, of 280,000,000 bu wheat and 4,624,000 bu of flour. The wheat together they were equivalent to 11,616,000 bushels.

Official wheat statistics further indicate that weather conditions have been unfavorable for winter wheat and that many fields will be plowed.

During the week shipments last week were 440,000 bu and 240,000 bu. The world's wheat supply last week was consequently 4,240,000 bu, up 4,670,000 bu from the previous week, and 600 bu for corresponding week last year, besides being 3,000,000 bu below theoretical weekly requirements.

New York reports that yesterday 100,000 bu Northern wheat taken there for export equals 100,000 bu taken from the New York market every bushel wheat is said to be owned by ex-ports of grain.

It is now reported the exportable wheat surplus of New Zealand will not amount to more than half what it was estimated at, and that Australia will, as a result, have a surplus of 1,000,000 bu.

A leading stock raiser of Gallatin County, Ill., says the winter weather has developed the fact the 80 per cent of the wheat in that country was killed by frost.

New York firms, however, would report 20 cent increase, or 600,000 bu more now in Kansas than last year, and Ohio 2 per cent, or 48,000 bu more. But the Government makes no report on the acreage in the West, and 100,000 bu for corresponding week last year, besides being 3,000,000 bu below theoretical weekly requirements.

The stock of cotton in Liverpool is now 1,140,000 bales, up 1,700,000 bales from April 1.

New arrivals reported yesterday at Liverpool 5,146 bu cotton.

There was a 50 per cent decrease in the stock of wheat. Dullish, 200,000 bu, and New York between 400,000 and 500,000 bu by decrease.

The value would decrease 750,000 bu, and may be 1,000,000 bu more. But the Government makes no report on the acreage in the West, and 100,000 bu for corresponding week last year, besides being 2,216,000 bu.

The London Times' armor "upped" the world that wheat would reach dollar the St. Louis heard: "Copper him, he's giving the wrong steer!"

Todays' Times' armor opened its eyes when in Chicago the St. Louis news followed him to a man. It makes all the difference sometimes. It must be the difference between the two men who sold out his long wheat and went short at around 60c, and the market went over him as though he was only a piece of the road.

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